

Name \_\_\_\_\_

8A, Algebra 1

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Period \_\_\_\_\_

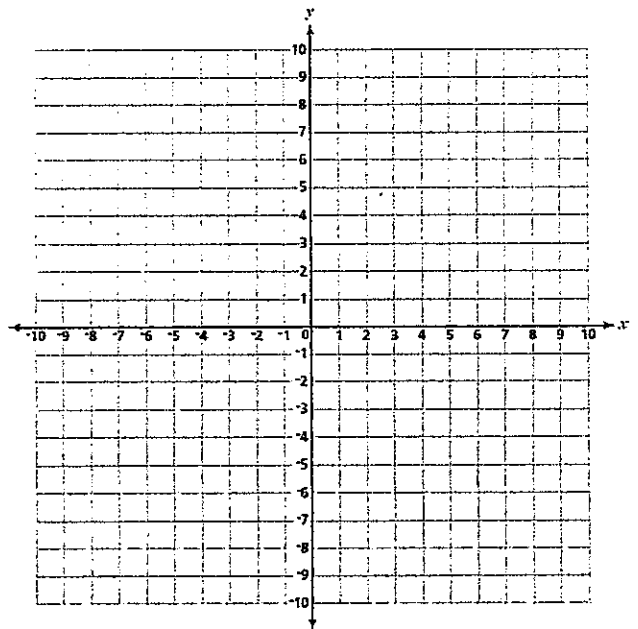
Functions II Test Review

1) If  $g(x) = 5(x + 3)^2 - 4$ , then which of the following is the value of  $g(2)$ ?

- (1) 129      (2) 121      (3) 165      (4) 5

2) Movie tickets now average \$9.85 a ticket, but are increasing 15% per year. How much will they cost 5 years from now?

3) Graph  $y = -(x + 3)^3 - 3$  and state its Domain and Range.



Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

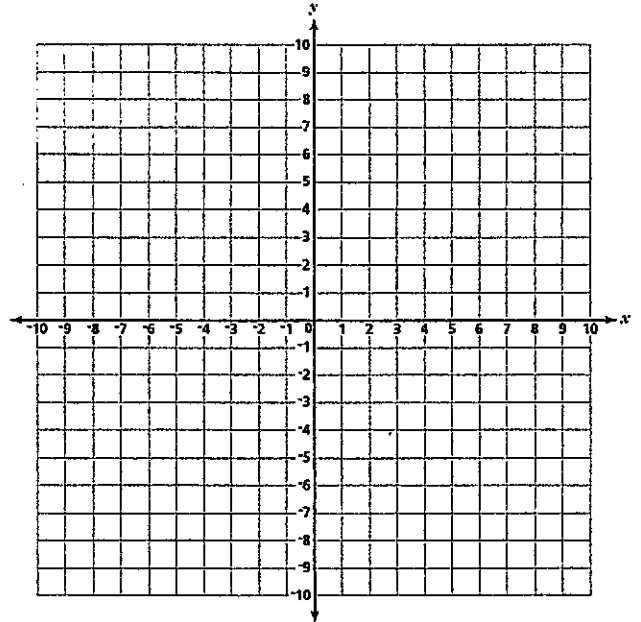
4) Describe how the following graph would change in relation to its parent graph?

$$y = \sqrt{x - 3} - 5$$

5) The graph of a square root is created by transforming the graph  $y = \sqrt{x}$ . What is the equation of the new function if the original is shifted five units to the right and four units up?

6) Dinner at your grandfather's favorite restaurant now costs \$25.25 and has been increasing steadily at 4% per year. How much did it cost 35 years ago when he was courting your grandmother?

7) (a) Graph  $y = |x+3| - 2$  on the following coordinate plane.



(b) What is the vertex of the function. \_\_\_\_\_

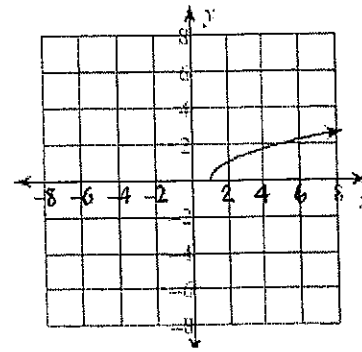
(c) State the domain of the function. \_\_\_\_\_

(d) State the range of the function \_\_\_\_\_

8) Describe how the following graph would change in relation to its parent graph?

$$y = 3(x+4)^2 + 5$$

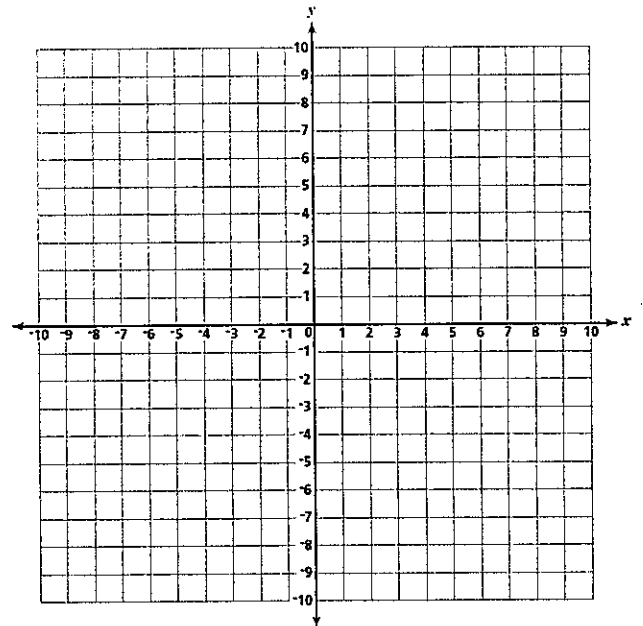
9) What is the equation for the following function?



10) A bank advertised a rate of 3% interest compounded annually on one of its CD's. If a 15 year old CD is now worth \$4,525.00, find its original price.

11) Consider the function  $f(x) = (x + 2)^3 + 1$  over the interval  $-4 \leq x \leq 0$ .

a) Graph  $f(x)$  on the following grid.



b) State the range of the function over this interval \_\_\_\_\_

c) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x)$  over the interval:  $-3 \leq x \leq -1$

12) Identify the domain and range of each of the following graphs.

a)  $y = \sqrt{x+4}$

b)  $y = -\sqrt{x} - 3$

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

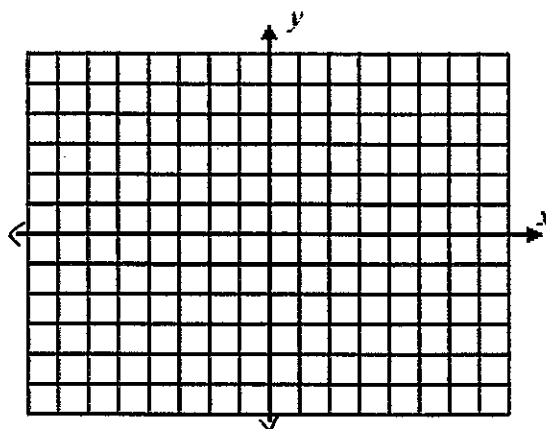
Range: \_\_\_\_\_

13) The parent function for an exponential function:

a) goes through which quadrants on the coordinate plane \_\_\_\_\_

b) goes through which coordinate on the y-axis \_\_\_\_\_

14) Graph the function  $f(x) = -\sqrt{x+4} + 2$  on the grid below. Then state its domain and range.



Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

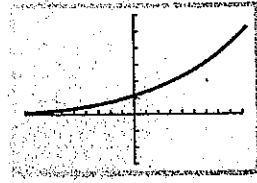
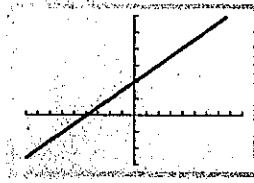
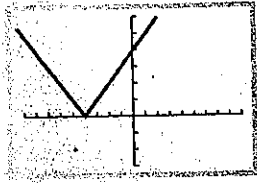
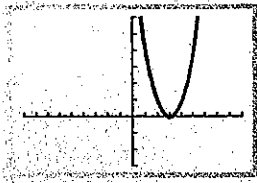
15) The graph of  $y = -x^2$  is translated to the right 4 units and up 3 units. The equations of the new function is?

- (1)  $y = -(x+4)^2 + 3$     (2)  $y = -(x+3)^2 + 4$     (3)  $y = -(x-4)^2 + 3$     (4)  $y = (-x+4)^2 + 3$

16) The point (4,8) is on the graph of  $y = g(x)$ . Which point is on the graph of  $k(x) = g(x-3)$

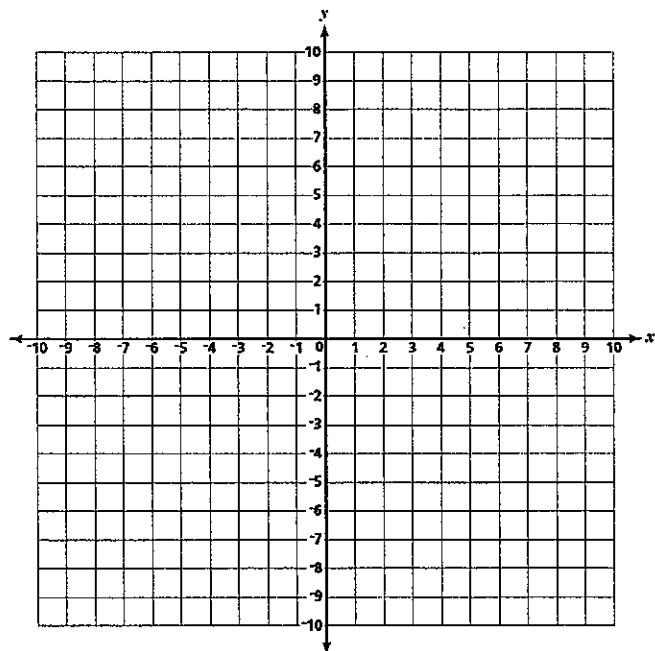
- (1) (4,8)    (2) (8,4)    (3) (1,8)    (4) (7,8)

17) Identify the functions as linear, exponential, or neither.



18) Graph the piecewise functions. List the Domain and the Range of the function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4, & x < 0 \\ \sqrt{x} + 4, & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$



Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

19) What is the range of the function:  $y = |x - 3| + 5$ ?

20) What is the domain of the following function?  $y = \sqrt{x - 4}$

21) What is the average rate of change of  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 4$  from  $[-1, 1]$

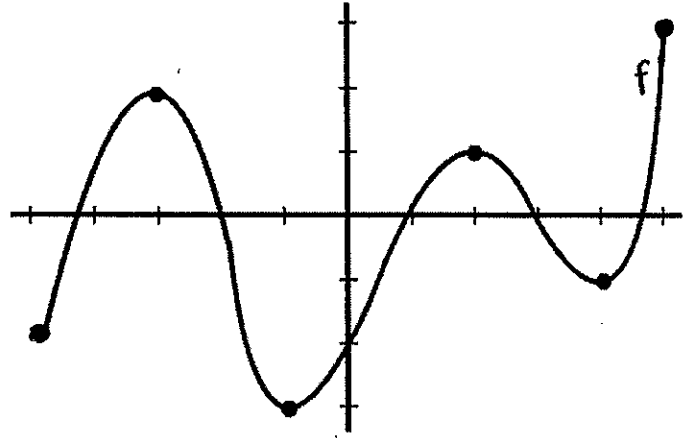
22) Using the graph of the function  $f(x)$  shown below, answer the following questions.

(a) Find the value of each of the following:

$f(-3) =$

$f(0) =$

$f(4) =$



(b) For how many values of  $x$  does  $f(x) = 1$ ? Illustrate on the graph.

(c) What is the y-intercept of this relation? \_\_\_\_\_

What are the x-intercepts of this relation?(Estimate if necessary) \_\_\_\_\_

(d) State the relative maximum and relative minimum values of the graph.

Relative Maximum \_\_\_\_\_

Relative Minimum \_\_\_\_\_

(e) Explain why the graph represents a function.

(f) What are the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of this function?

Absolute Maximum \_\_\_\_\_

Absolute Minimum \_\_\_\_\_

(g) Give one interval over which the function is increasing and one interval in which it is decreasing?

Increasing \_\_\_\_\_

Decreasing \_\_\_\_\_

## GRAPHICAL FEATURES AND TERMINOLOGY COMMON CORE ALGEBRA I



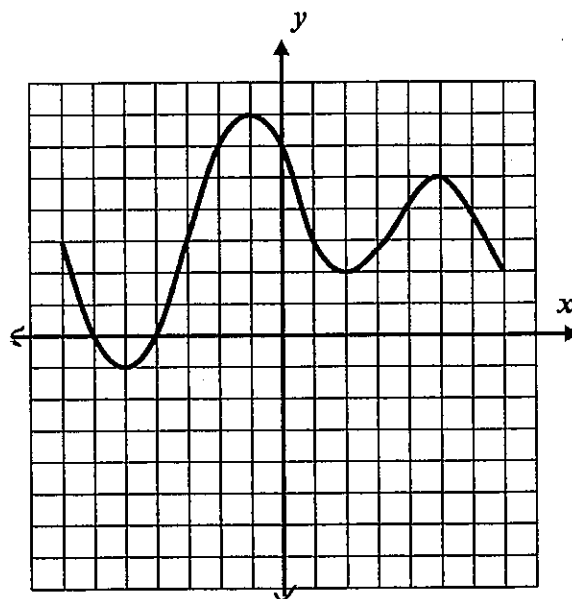
There is a lot of terminology associated with the **graph of a function**. Many of the terms have names that are descriptive, but still, work is needed to master the ideas.

23) The function  $y = f(x)$  is shown graphed below over the interval  $-7 \leq x \leq 7$ .

(a) Find the maximum and minimum values of the function. State the values of  $x$  where they occur as well.

(b) What is the  $y$ -intercept of the function? Explain why a function cannot have more than one  $y$ -intercept.

(c) Give the  $x$ -intercepts of the function. These are also known as the function's **zeroes** because they are where  $f(x) = 0$ .



(d) Would you characterize the function as **increasing** or **decreasing** on the domain interval  $-5 \leq x \leq -1$ ? Explain your choice.

(e) <sup>Give</sup> one additional interval over which the function is increasing and one over which it is decreasing.

Increasing: \_\_\_\_\_

Decreasing: \_\_\_\_\_

(f) The following points are known as **turning points**. Each can be classified as a **relative maximum** or a **relative minimum**. State which you think each is.

$(-5, -1)$

$(-1, 7)$

$(2, 2)$

$(5, 5)$

relative minimum

relative minimum

relative minimum

relative minimum

or

or

or

or

relative maximum

relative maximum

relative maximum

relative maximum



24) Determine whether the following relations are linear, quadratic, cubic or neither. Show all work!

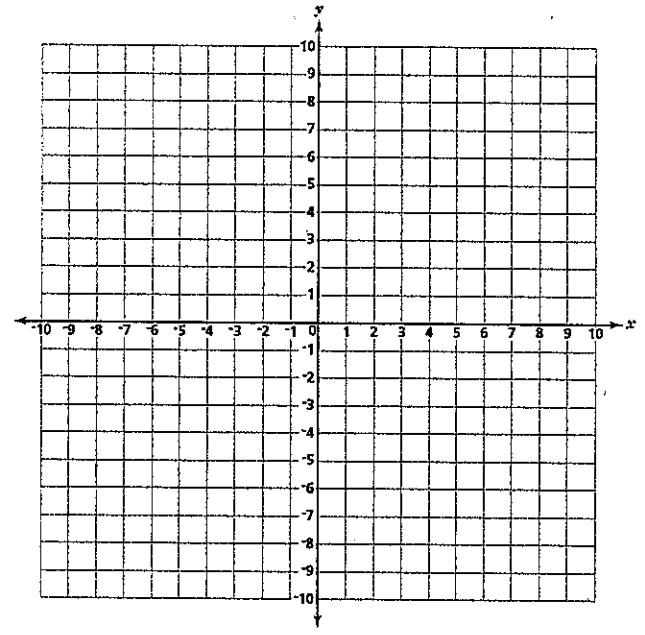
a)

x	y
1	10
2	20
3	30
4	40
5	50

b)

x	y
-2	-7
-1	0
0	1
1	2
2	9
3	28

25) (a) Graph  $y = 2^x + 3$  on the following coordinate plane over the interval  $[-2, 2]$



(b) What is the y-intercept of the function. \_\_\_\_\_

(c) State the domain of the function. \_\_\_\_\_

(d) State the range of the function. \_\_\_\_\_



Functions II Test Review

1) If  $g(x) = 5(x + 3)^2 - 4$ , then which of the following is the value of  $g(2)$ ?

- (1) 129    (2) 121    (3) 165    (4) 5

$g(x) = 5(x+3)^2 - 4$   
 $x=2$   
 $g(2) = 5(2+3)^2 - 4$   
 $g(2) = 5(5)^2 - 4$   
 $g(2) = 5(25) - 4$   
 $g(2) = 125 - 4$   
 $g(2) = 121$

(check  
answer in  
book)

2) Movie tickets now average \$9.85 a ticket, but are increasing 15% per year. How much will they cost 5 years from now?

$\frac{15}{100} = .15$   
 $15\%$   
 $2 \leftarrow$

$A = P(1+r)^n$   
 $A = 9.85(1+15\%)^5$   
 $A = 9.85(1+.15)^5$   
 $A = 9.85(1.15)^5$   
 $A = 19.8118683$   
 $\$19.81$

\$ = round  
to the nearest  
hundredth

3) Graph  $y = -(x + 3)^3 - 3$  and state its Domain and Range.

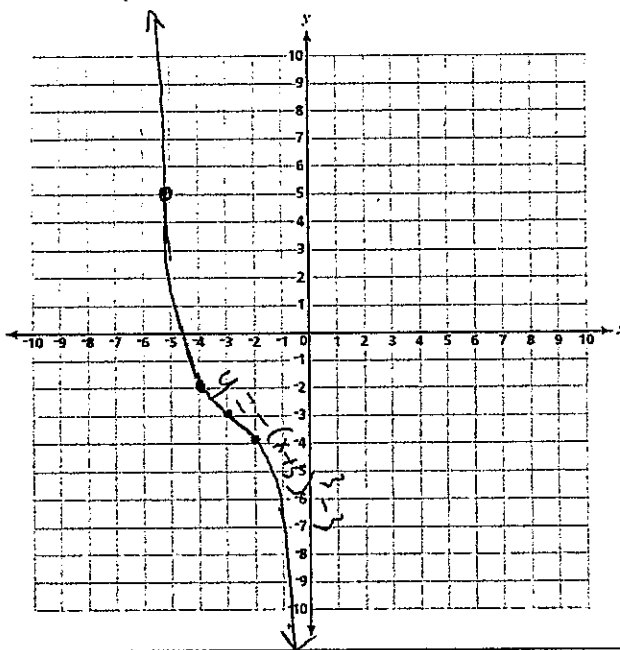
Reflection  
over the  
x-axis

Translated 3  
units right and  
3 units down

X	Y
-5	5
-4	-2
-3	-3
-2	-4

(-4, 24)

no arrows b/c NO constraints given



Domain:  $\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$  or  $(-\infty, \infty)$  or all reals

Range:  $\{y | y \in \mathbb{R}\}$  or  $(-\infty, \infty)$  or all reals

4) Describe how the following graph would change in relation to its parent graph?

$y = \sqrt{x-3} - 5$

Translated (or shifted) 3 units right and 5 units down from (0,0)

5) The graph of a sq. root is created by transforming the graph  $y = \sqrt{x}$ . What is the equation of the new function if the original is shifted five units to the right and four units up?

$$y = \sqrt{x - 5} + 4$$

6) Dinner at your grandfather's favorite restaurant now costs \$25.25 and has been increasing steadily at 4% per year. How much did it cost 35 years ago when he was courting your grandmother?

$$A = P(1+r)^n$$

$$25.25 = P(1 + 4\%)^{35}$$

$$25.25 = P(1 + .04)^{35}$$

$$25.25 = P(1.04)^{35}$$

$$\frac{25.25}{(1.04)^{35}} = \frac{P(1.04)^{35}}{(1.04)^{35}}$$

$$6.39874... = P$$

Round to the nearest hundredth

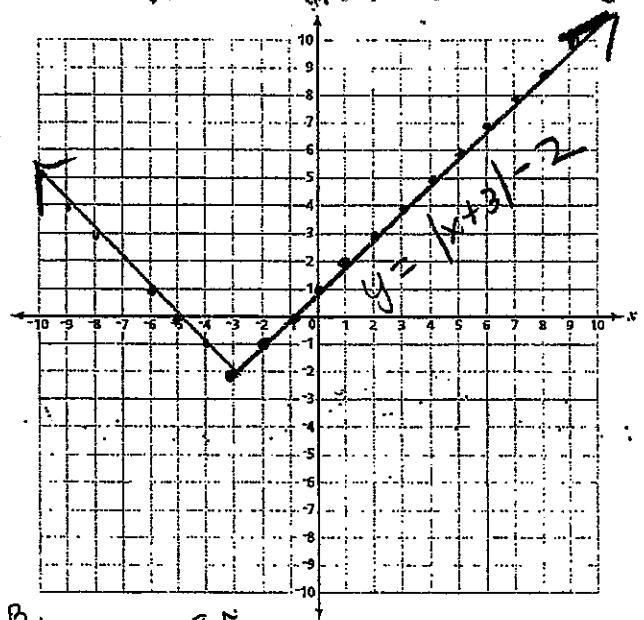
$$P = \$6.40$$

7) (a) Graph  $y = |x+3| - 2$  on the following coordinate plane.  $V: (-3, -2)$

X	Y
-10	5
-9	4
-8	3
-7	2
-6	1
-5	0
-4	-1
-3	-2
-2	-1
-1	0
0	1
1	2

X	Y
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6
6	7
7	8
8	9
9	10

Copy all x-values you can graph from -10 to +10



(b) What is the vertex of the function.  $(-3, -2)$

(c) State the domain of the function  $\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$  or  $(-\infty, \infty)$  or all reals

(d) State the range of the function  $\{y | y \geq -2\}$   $[-2, \infty)$

8) Describe how the following graph would change in relation to its parent graph?

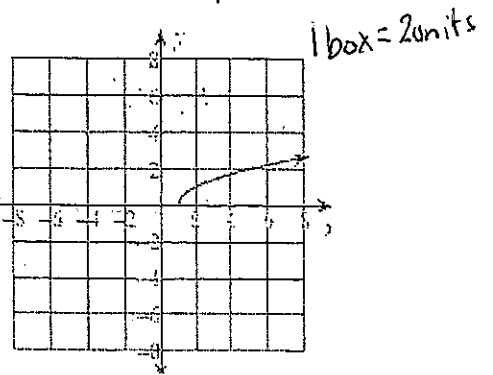
$y = 3(x+4)^2 + 5$  narrower (vertically stretched) by a scale factor of 3  
translated (shifted) 4 units left and 5 units up from (0,0)

9) What is the equation for the following function?

SQUARE ROOT FUNCTION  $y = \sqrt{x}$   
 From  $(0,0)$  it translated 1 unit right

$$y = \sqrt{x-1}$$

Starting point:  $(1,0)$



10) A bank advertised a rate of 3% interest compounded annually on one of its CD's. If a 15 year old CD is now worth \$4,525.00, find its original price.

$$A = P(1+r)^n$$

$$4525 = P(1+3\%)^{15}$$

$$4525 = P(1.03)^{15}$$

$$4525 = P(1.03)^{15}$$

$$\frac{4525}{(1.03)^{15}} = \frac{P(1.03)^{15}}{(1.03)^{15}}$$

$$P = 2904.425312\dots$$

$$P = \$2904.43$$

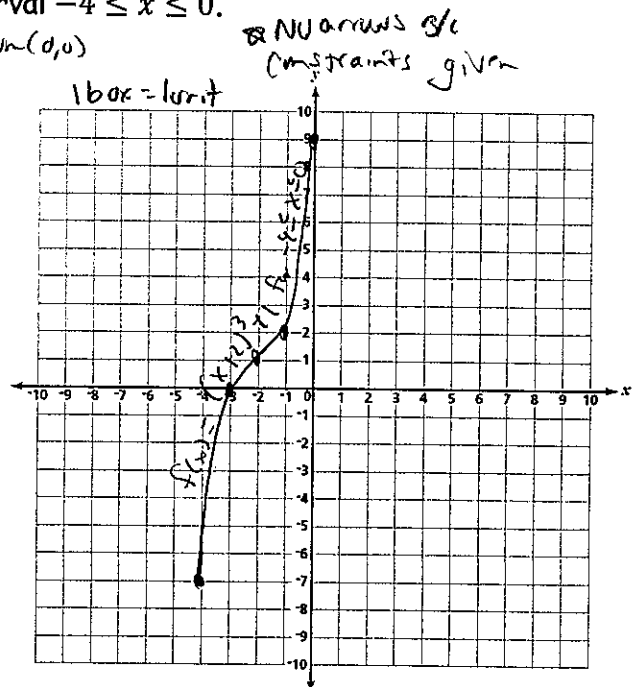
\* Round to the nearest hundredth

11) Consider the function  $f(x) = (x+2)^3 + 1$  over the interval  $-4 \leq x \leq 0$ .

Translated 2 units left + 1 up from  $(0,0)$

a) Graph  $f(x)$  on the following grid.

x	f(x)
-4	-7
-3	0
-2	1
-1	2
0	9



b) State the range of the function over this interval  $\{y \mid -7 \leq y \leq 9\}$  or  $[-7, 9]$

Set builder

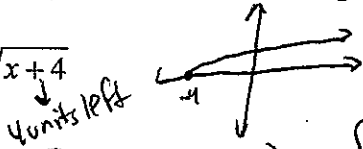
interval notation

c) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x)$  over the interval:  $-3 \leq x \leq -1$

$$\frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{f(-1) - f(-3)}{-1 - (-3)} = \frac{2 - 0}{-1 - (-3)} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

12) Identify the domain and range of each of the following graphs.

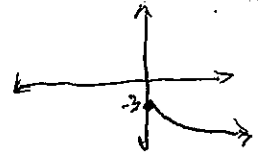
a)  $y = \sqrt{x+4}$



Domain:  $[-4, \infty)$  or  $\{x | x \geq -4\}$

Range:  $[0, \infty)$  or  $\{y | y \geq 0\}$

b)  $y = -\sqrt{x-3}$

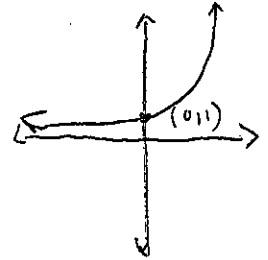


Domain:  $[3, \infty)$  or  $\{x | x \geq 3\}$

Range:  $(-\infty, 0]$  or  $\{y | y \leq 0\}$

13) The parent function for an exponential function: (parent function)

a) goes through which quadrants on the coordinate plane I and II



b) goes through which coordinate on the y-axis (0, 1)

14) Graph the function  $f(x) = -\sqrt{x+4} + 2$  on the grid below. Then state its domain and range.

$x+4 \geq 0$   
-4 -4

$x \geq -4$

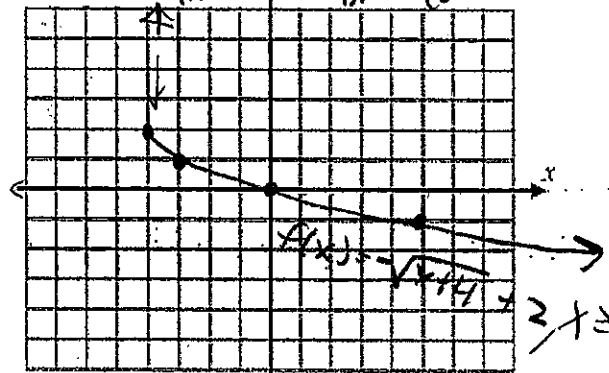
A Constraint

proves why it starts here

x	f(x)
-4	2
-3	1
0	0
5	-1

NO decimals  
only whole #s/  
Integers

box/lenet  $\Rightarrow$  arrow on the left of the constraint



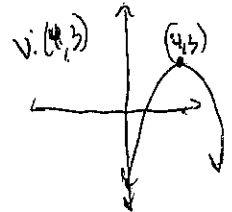
Domain:  $[-4, \infty)$  or  $\{x | x \geq -4\}$

Range:  $(-\infty, 2]$  or  $\{y | y \leq 2\}$

must be in numerical order!

15) The graph of  $y = -x^2$  is translated to the right 4 units and up 3 units. The equations of the new function is?

- (1)  $y = -(x+4)^2 + 3$     (2)  $y = -(x+3)^2 + 4$     (3)  $y = -(x-4)^2 + 3$     (4)  $y = -(x+4)^2 + 3$



16) The point (4,8) is on the graph of  $y = g(x)$ . Which point is on the graph of  $k(x) = g(x-3)$ .

- (1) (4,8)    (2) (8,4)    (3) (1,8)    (4) (7,8)

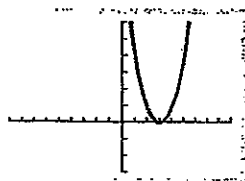
$k(x)$  is translating the function  $g(x)$

3 units to the right

(add 3 to the x-coordinate)

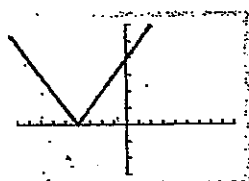
$(4+3, 8) = (7, 8)$

17) Identify the functions as linear, exponential, or neither.



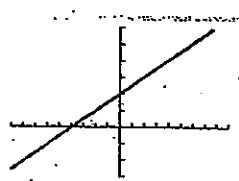
neither

(quadratic)

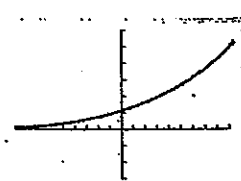


neither

(absolute)



linear



exponential

18) Graph the piecewise functions. List the Domain and the Range of the function.

\* 1 open domain value + 1 closed domain value will always be closed!

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4, & x < 0 \\ \sqrt{x} + 4, & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

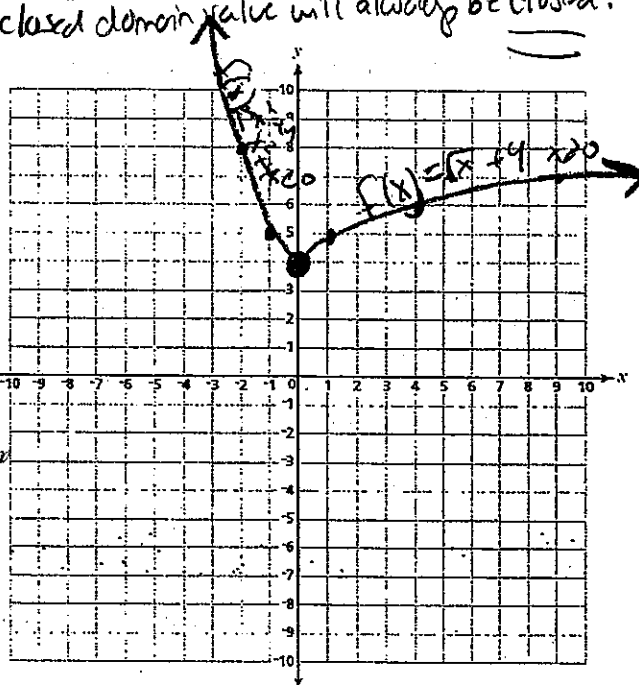
*OPEN*

$$f(x) = x^2 + 4, x < 0$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + 4, x \geq 0$$

x	f(x)
-2	8
-1	5
0	4

x	f(x)
0	4
1	5
4	6
9	7

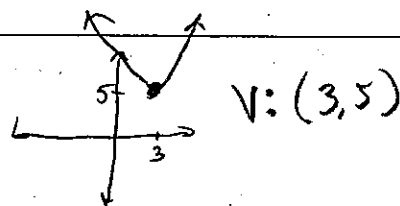


Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$  OR  $\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$  or all reals

Range:  $[4, \infty)$  OR  $\{y | y \geq 4\}$

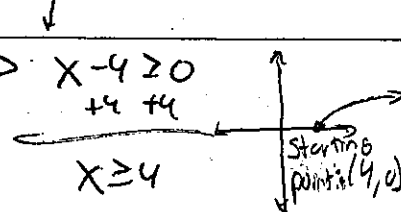
19) What is the range of the function:  $y = |x - 3| + 5$ ?

$$\{y | y \geq 5\} \text{ OR } [5, \infty)$$



20) What is the domain of the following function?  $y = \sqrt{x - 4}$

$$\{x | x \geq 4\} \text{ OR } [4, \infty)$$



21) What is the average rate of change of  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 4$  from  $[-1, 1]$

*OR*

$f(1) = (1)^2 + 4(1) + 4$	$f(-1) = (-1)^2 + 4(-1) + 4$
$f(1) = 1 + 4 + 4$	$f(-1) = 1 - 4 + 4$
$f(1) = 9$	$f(-1) = 1$

$$\frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{f(1) - f(-1)}{1 - (-1)}$$

$$\frac{9 - 1}{1 - (-1)} = \frac{8}{2} = \boxed{4}$$

Can also show table as work

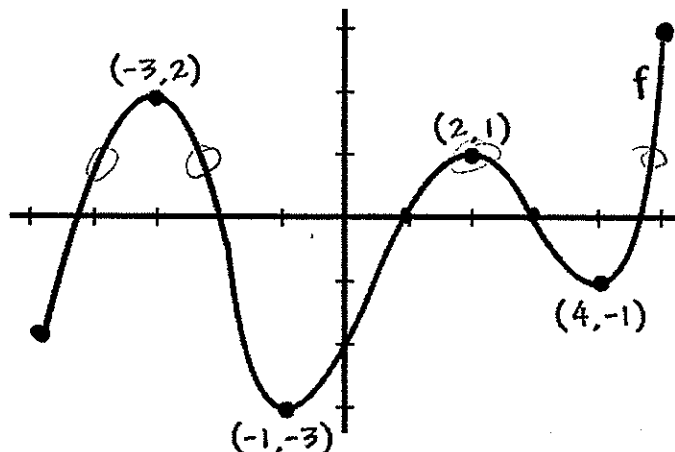
22) Using the graph of the function  $f(x)$  shown below, answer the following questions.

(a) Find the value of each of the following:

$f(-3) = 2$

$f(0) = -2$

$f(4) = -1$



(b) For how many values of  $x$  does  $f(x) = 1$ ? Illustrate on the graph.

four

(c) What is the  $y$ -intercept of this relation?  $y = -2$  or  $\{-2\}$

where  $x=0$

What are the  $x$ -intercepts of this relation? (Estimate if necessary)  $x = -4.2, x = -2, x = 1, x = 3, x = 4.8$   
 or  $\{-4.2, -2, 1, 3, 4.8\}$

where  $y=0$

(d) State the relative maximum and relative minimum values of the graph.

$y = -1$  or  $(4, -1)$

Relative Maximum  $y = 2$  or  $(-3, 2)$   
 $y = 1$  or  $(2, 1)$

Relative Minimum  $y = -3$  or  $(-1, -3)$

must be a turning point

in terms of  $y$  & give the coordinate

(e) Explain why the graph represents a function. Because every element of the domain corresponds to one and only one element of the range.

(f) What are the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of this function?

can only have one.

Absolute Maximum  $y = 3$  or  $(5, 3)$

Absolute Minimum  $y = -3$  or  $(-1, -3)$

in terms of  $y$ , & give the coordinate

(g) Give one interval over which the function is increasing and one interval in which it is decreasing?

Increasing  $(-5, -3) \cup (-1, 2) \cup (4, 5)$  ; Decreasing  $(-3, -1) \cup (2, 4)$

$\{x \mid -5 < x < -3 \text{ or } -1 < x < 2 \text{ or } 4 < x < 5\}$

$\{x \mid -3 < x < -1 \text{ or } 2 < x < 4\}$

Describe with  $x$ -values

can write it words or using set builder notation

Increasing between  $x = -5$  and  $x = -3$  or  $\{x \mid -5 < x < -3\}$

# GRAPHICAL FEATURES AND TERMINOLOGY COMMON CORE ALGEBRA I

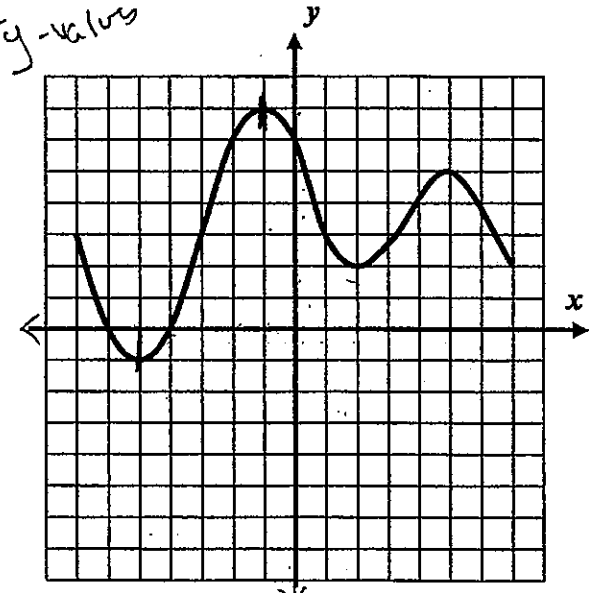


There is a lot of terminology associated with the graph of a function. Many of the terms have names that are descriptive, but still, work is needed to master the ideas.

23) The function  $y = f(x)$  is shown graphed below over the interval  $-7 \leq x \leq 7$ :

- (a) Find the maximum and minimum values of the function. State the values of  $x$  where they occur as well.

Maximum  $y = 7$  at  $x = -1$   $(-1, 7)$   
 Minimum  $y = -1$  at  $x = -5$   $(-5, -1)$



- (b) What is the  $y$ -intercept of the function? Explain why a function cannot have more than one  $y$ -intercept.

$y = 6$   
 B/c then there would be two outputs for one input of  $x$ .

\* Each element of the domain corresponds to one and only one element of the range.

- (c) Give the  $x$ -intercepts of the function. These are also known as the function's zeroes because they are where  $f(x) = 0$ .

$x = -6$  +  $x = -4$

- (d) Would you characterize the function as increasing or decreasing on the domain interval  $-5 \leq x \leq -1$ ? Explain your choice.

Increasing b/c  $y$  gets larger as  $x$  gets larger from  $-5$  to  $-1$ .

- (e) Give one additional interval over which the function is increasing and one over which it is decreasing.

Increasing:  $x$  ( $2 < x < 5$ ) or  $(2, 5)$  or between  $x=2$  +  $x=5$   
 Decreasing:  $x$  ( $-1 < x < 2$ ) or  $(-1, 2)$  or between  $x=-1$  +  $x=2$

Describe in terms of  $x$

- (f) The following points are known as turning points. Each can be classified as a relative maximum or a relative minimum. State which you think each is.

$(-5, -1)$  abs. min.  $(-1, 7)$  abs. max.  $(2, 2)$   $(5, 5)$

relative minimum or relative maximum  
 relative minimum or relative maximum  
 relative minimum or relative maximum  
 relative minimum or relative maximum

\* Read from left to right  
 \* Must be turning points



24) Determine whether the following relations are linear, quadratic, cubic or neither. Show all work!

a)

x	y
1	10
2	20
3	30
4	40
5	50

+1 ←      → +10  
 +1 ←      → +10  
 +1 ←      → +10  
 +1 ←      → +10

Linear b/c the rates of change are constant on the 1<sup>st</sup> try  
 or  
 Common 1<sup>st</sup> difference

b)

x	y
-2	-7
-1	0
0	1
1	2
2	9
3	28

+1 ←      → +7  
 +1 ←      → +1 } -6 } +6  
 +1 ←      → +1 } 0 } +6  
 +1 ←      → +1 } +6 } +6  
 +1 ←      → +7 } +12  
 +1 ←      → +19

Cubic b/c the rates of change are constant on the 3<sup>rd</sup> try  
 or  
 Common 3<sup>rd</sup> difference

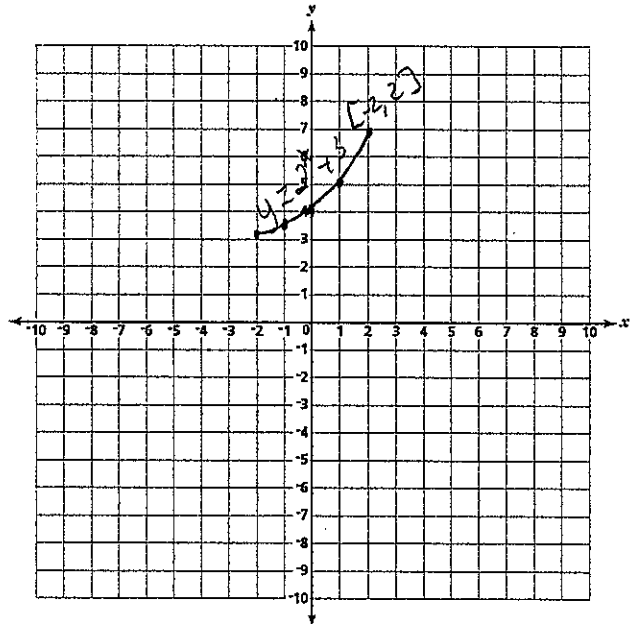
25) (a) Graph  $y = 2^x + 3$  on the following coordinate plane over the interval  $[-2, 2]$

graph

x	y
-2	3.25
-1	3.5
0	4
1	5
2	7

translated 3 units up from  $(0, 1)$

and a new b/c the constraints are given



(b) What is the y-intercept of the function.  $(0, 4)$  or  $y = 4$

(c) State the domain of the function.  $[-2, 2]$  or  $\{x \mid -2 \leq x \leq 2\}$

(d) State the range of the function  $[3.25, 7)$  or  $\{y \mid 3.25 \leq y \leq 7\}$