

Name Key
8A: Algebra 1

Date _____
Period _____

Homework

1) In 2003, the population of a city was 16,000. The population increased by 25% in each of the next two years. If this rate of increase continues, what will be the population of the city in 2009?

$$A = P(1+r)^n$$

$$A = 16,000(1 + 25\%)^6$$

$$A = 16,000(1 + .25)^6$$

$$A = 16,000(1.25)^6$$

$$A = 61035.15025$$

61,035 people

A Don't care

2) Alberto invested \$5,000 at 6% interest compounded annually. What will be the value of Alberto's investment after 8 years?

$$A = P(1+r)^n$$

$$A = 5000(1 + 6\%)^8$$

$$A = 5000(1 + .06)^8$$

$$A = 5000(1.06)^8$$

$$A = 7969.240371$$

\$ 7,969.24

A nearest hundredth

3) Mrs. Smith has a trust fund from which she withdraws 5% each year. If the fund has a value of \$50,000 this year, what will be the value of the fund after 10 years?

$$A = P(1-r)^n$$

$$A = 50,000(1 - 5\%)^{10}$$

$$A = 50,000(1 - .05)^{10}$$

$$A = 50,000(.95)^{10}$$

$$A = 29936.84696$$

\$ 29,936.85

A nearest hundredth

4) Kathy plans to purchase a car that depreciates at a rate of 14% per year. The initial cost of the car is \$21,000. What is the value of the car after 3 years?

$$A = P(1-r)^n$$

$$A = 21,000(1 - 14\%)^3$$

$$A = 21,000(1 - .14)^3$$

$$A = 21,000(.86)^3$$

$$A = 13357.176$$

A nearest hundredth

\$ 13,357.18

5) You purchase an I-pod for \$70. After you take it home from the store, the value of the I-Pod decreases 3% each year. What is the value of the I-Pod after 2 years?

R

$$A = P(1-r)^N$$

$$A = 70(1-3\%)^2$$

$$A = 70(1-.03)^2$$

$$A = 70(.97)^2$$

$$A = 65.862$$

* nearest hundredth

$$\boxed{\$65.86}$$

6) Raymond buys a new car for \$21,500. The car depreciates by about 11% per year. What is the value of the car after 5 years? Round to the nearest dollar.

N

$$A = P(1-r)^t$$

$$A = 21,500(1-11\%)^5$$

$$A = 21,500(1-.11)^5$$

$$A = 21,500(.89)^5$$

$$A = 12,005.72742$$

$$\boxed{\$12,006}$$

7) A bank advertised a rate of 15% interest compounded annually on one of its CD's. If a 3 year old CD is NOW WORTH \$11,495.60, find its ORIGINAL price.

A

P

$$A = P(1+r)^N$$

$$11,495.60 = P(1+15\%)^3$$

$$11,495.60 = P(1+.15)^3$$

$$\frac{11,495.60}{(1.15)^3} = \frac{P(1.15)^3}{(1.15)^3}$$

$$P = 7558.543602$$

$$\boxed{\$7558.54}$$

It is always to the nearest hundredth