

Algebra II Mixed Review

<p>1) Solve for x:</p> $\cancel{3} \left( \frac{x+25}{\cancel{3}} \right) = (10) \cdot \cancel{3}$ $\begin{array}{r} x+25=30 \\ -25 \quad -25 \\ \hline \boxed{x=5} \end{array}$	<p>2) Solve for y:</p> $\cancel{-4} \left( \frac{y-6}{\cancel{-4}} \right) = (-7) \cdot \cancel{-4}$ $\begin{array}{r} y-6=28 \\ +6 \quad +6 \\ \hline \boxed{y=34} \end{array}$
<p>3) Solve for x:</p> $\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{3x}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{3}$ <p style="text-align: right;"><i>rewrite!</i></p> $\left( \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{3}{4}x \right) + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{3}$ $\begin{array}{r} -\frac{5}{12}x + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \left( -\frac{12}{5} \right) \left( -\frac{5}{12}x \right) + \left( -\frac{5}{6} \right) \left( -\frac{12}{5} \right) \end{array}$ $\boxed{x=2}$	<p>4) Solve for x:</p> $\left( 2\frac{1}{3}x \right) + 10 + \left( 5\frac{2}{3}x \right) - 9\frac{1}{2} = 12\frac{1}{2}$ $\begin{array}{r} 8x + \frac{1}{2} = 12\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 8x = 12 \\ \frac{8x}{8} = \frac{12}{8} \\ \boxed{x=1\frac{1}{2}} \end{array}$
<p>5) Solve for a:</p> $\sqrt{a^2} = \frac{\sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{225}}$ $\boxed{a = \frac{4}{15}}$ <p>Calc: <math>\boxed{2nd} \boxed{x^2}</math></p>	<p>6) Solve for b:</p> $\sqrt[3]{b^3} = \sqrt[3]{512}$ $\boxed{b=8}$ <p>Calc: <math>\boxed{5} \boxed{2nd} \boxed{M}</math></p>

7) How many solution does the following equation have?

$$2x - 4 = 2(x - 1) + 3$$

D

$$2x - 4 = 2x - 2 + 3$$

C

$$2x - 4 = 2x + 1$$

M  
S

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline -4 \neq 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Not zero solutions

you must move the variables 1<sup>st</sup>

8) How many solution does the following equation have?

$$8x + 4 = 4(2x + 1)$$

D

$$8x + 4 = 8x + 4$$

C

$$\begin{array}{r} -8x \quad -8x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

M  
S

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 4 = 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Infinitely many solutions

you must move the variables 1<sup>st</sup>

9) How many solution does the following equation have?

$$(5x - 2x) + 15 = 2x + 14$$

D

$$3x + 15 = 2x + 14$$

C

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

M  
S

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 15 = 14 \\ -15 \quad -15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline (x = -1) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

you must move the variables 1<sup>st</sup>

10) Simplify:

$$\sqrt[3]{64} = (4)$$

Calc:  $\boxed{3}$   $\boxed{2^{nd}}$   $\boxed{\wedge}$