

Equation of a line: Day II

Equation of a line

Coefficient of x  $\uparrow$  Constant  $\uparrow$

Slope-Intercept Form:  $y = mx + b$  where  $m = \text{slope}$  &  $b = \text{y-intercept}$  (where the line crosses the y-axis)

A) What is the slope & y-intercept of the following?

Ex's 1)  $y = 3x + 2$   
 $y = mx + b$   
 $m = 3$   
 $b = 2$

4)  $2y = 6x + 12$   
 $\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{6x}{2} + \frac{12}{2}$   
 $y = 3x + 6$   
 $m = 3$   
 $b = 6$

2)  $y = -6x - 3$   
 $m = -6$   
 $b = -3$

5)  $3x + y = 5$   
 $-3x \quad -3x$   
 $y = -3x + 5$   
 $m = -3$   
 $b = 5$

$y = mx + b$

3)  $y = x + 2$   
 $m = 1$   
 $b = 2$

Extra Example  
 $y = 3x$   
 $m = 3$   
 $b = 0$

6)  $4x + 2y = 10$   $\rightarrow$  move the # with the x first!  
 $-4x \quad -4x$   
 $2y = -4x + 10$   
 $\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-4x}{2} + \frac{10}{2}$   
 $y = -2x + 5$   
 $m = -2$   
 $b = 5$   
 AIS M/LEP

B) Create an equation given the slope and y-intercept

1) Slope =  $m = -6$ , y-intercept =  $b = 5$   
 $y = mx + b$   
 $m = -6$   
 $b = 5$   
 $y = -6x + 5$

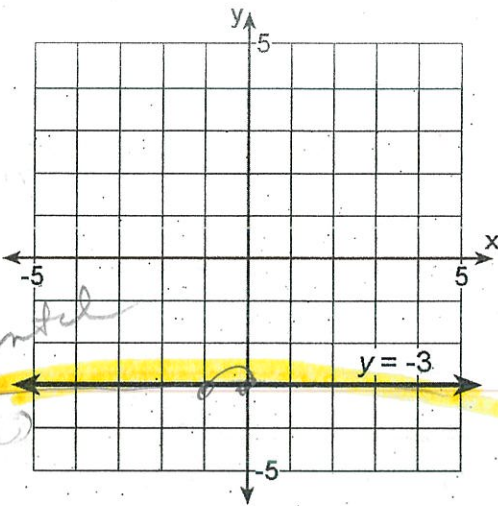
2) Slope =  $m = \frac{1}{2}$ , y-intercept =  $b = 3$   
 $y = mx + b$   
 $m = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $b = 3$   
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$

3) Slope =  $m = -4$ , y-intercept =  $b = 3$   
 $y = mx + b$   
 $m = -4$   
 $b = 3$   
 $y = -4x + 3$

4) Slope =  $m = 7$ , y-intercept =  $b = -8$   
 $y = mx + b$   
 $m = 7$   
 $b = -8$   
 $y = 7x - 8$

Review

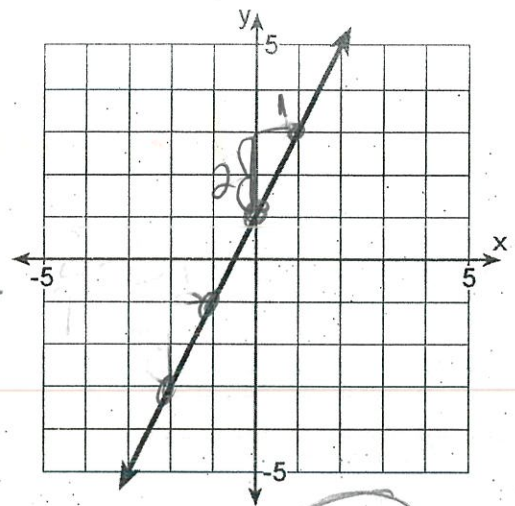
- 1) Determine the slope of the line graphed below.



*Horizontal*  
 $m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$   
 $m = \frac{0}{1}$   
 $m = 0$

- A) -3  
 B) 0  
 C) undefined  
 D)  $\frac{1}{3}$

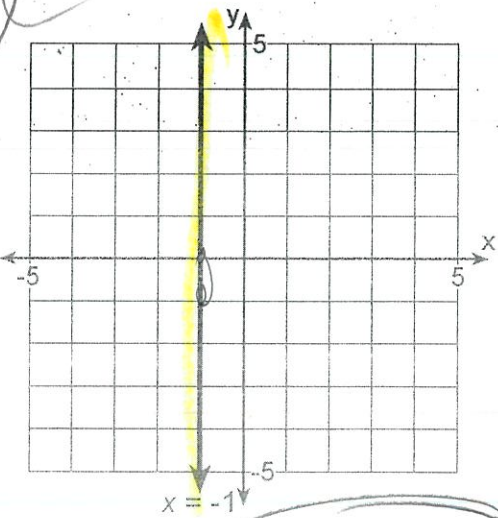
- 3) Determine the slope of the line graphed below.



$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$   
 $m = \frac{2}{1}$   
 $m = 2$

- A) 4  
 B) -2  
 C) 2  
 D) -1

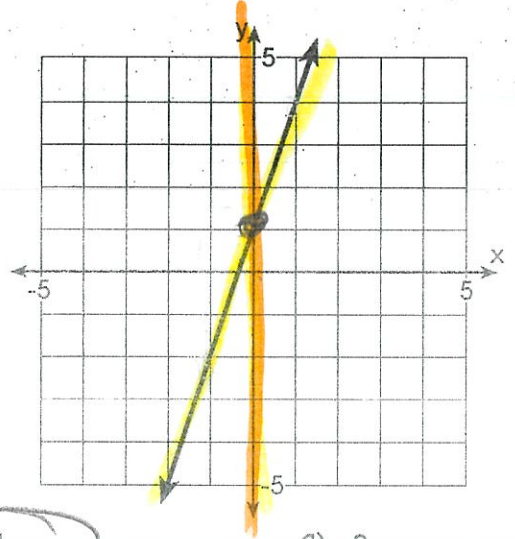
- 2) Determine the slope of the line graphed below.



*Vertical*  
 $m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$   
 $m = \frac{1}{0}$   
 $m = \text{undefined}$

- A) 0  
 B) -1  
 C) undefined  
 D) 1

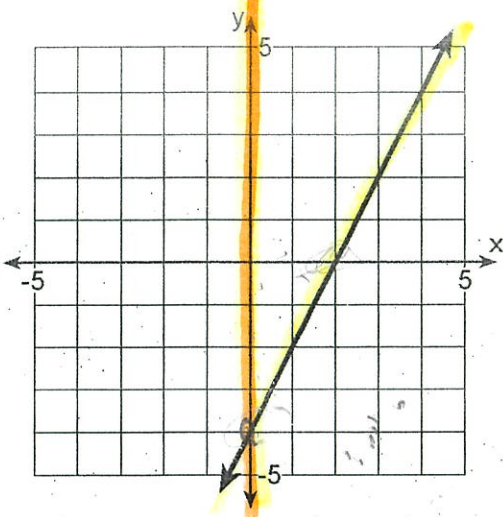
- 4) Determine the y-intercept of the line graphed below.



*where the line intersects the y-axis*

- A) 1  
 B) -3  
 C) 3  
 D) -1

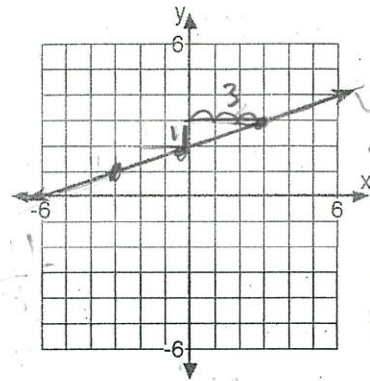
5) Determine the **y-intercept** of the line graphed below.



- A) 4
- B) -2
- C) 2
- D) -4

→ when the line intersects the y-axis

7)



$y = mx + b$   
 $m = \frac{1}{3}$   
 $b = 2$

$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{2}{3}$

Which **equation** correctly describes the given graphed line?

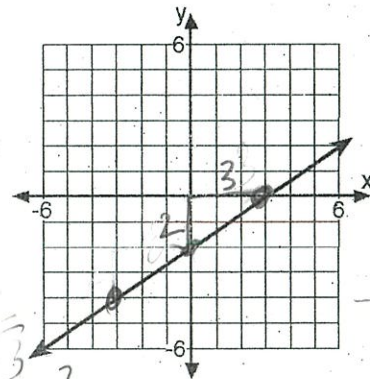
- A)  $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$
- B)  $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$
- C)  $y = -3x + 2$
- D)  $y = 3x + 2$

6) The graph of which equation has a **slope of 3** and a **y-intercept of -4**?

- A)  $y = 3x + 4$
- B)  $y = 3x - 4$
- C)  $y = -4x + 3$
- D)  $y = -4x + 3$

$y = mx + b$   
 $m = 3$   
 $b = -4$

8)



$y = mx + b$   
 $m = \frac{2}{3}$   
 $b = -2$

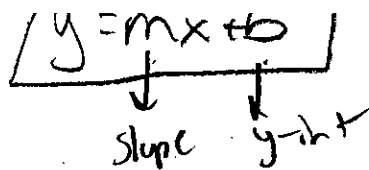
$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{2}{3}$

What is the **equation** of the given graphed line?

- A)  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 2$
- B)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$
- C)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2$
- D)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 2$

$m = \frac{2}{3}$   
 $b = -2$

Find the slope + y-intercept



1)  $\frac{1}{3}y = \frac{6x}{3} + \frac{9}{3}$

$y = 2x + 3$   
 $m = 2$   
 $b = 3$

2)  $y = 8 + 4x$

$y = 4x + 8$   
 $m = 4$   
 $b = 8$

3)  $6x + y = 3$

$\frac{-6x}{-6x} \quad -6x$   
 $y = -6x + 3$   
 $m = -6$   
 $b = 3$

4)  $-7x + y = -4$

$\frac{+7x}{+7x} \quad +7x$   
 $y = 7x - 4$   
 $m = 7$   
 $b = -4$

~~5)  $6x + 2y = 12$~~

$\frac{-6x}{-6x} \quad -6x$   
 $2y = -6x + 12$   
 $y = -3x + 6$   
 $m = -3 \quad b = 6$

Remember the X !!!

6)  $-y = 2x - 3$

$1 \cdot y \quad \frac{-1y}{-1} = \frac{2x}{-1} - \frac{3}{-1}$   
 $y = -2x + 3$   
 $m = -2 \quad b = 3$

~~7)  $3y - 4x = 6$~~

$\frac{+4x}{+4x} \quad +4x$   
 $3y = \frac{4x}{3} + \frac{6}{3}$   
 $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 2$   
 $m = \frac{4}{3}$   
 $b = 2$

Remember the X !!!